

MAIL FROM FAR SAMOA

News of Hawaii's Plague
at Apia.

PROTECTIVE ORDER ISSUED

The Americans at Tutuila--German
Religious and Military Cere-
monies Held at Mulinu.

Following are excerpts from the lat-
est files of the Samoa Herald:

When the steamer Mariposa came into harbor yesterday morning people on shore were alarmed at seeing the yellow flag hoisted on the fore. The Health Officer found out that in the last port of departure, Honolulu, some cases of the bubonic plague had occurred, but were confined to the Chinese quarters. In view of the possible danger which could arise from the vessel having communication with Apia, the Health Officer at once proceeded to Mulinu and went, together with the President, on board the steamer to take all necessary and practicable steps in the matter. After conferring with the captain and the doctor and purser, the President was informed that the Mariposa arrived off the port of Honolulu at 6 a. m. on the 4th inst. She was boarded by the pilot and entered the harbor of Honolulu, but was not allowed alongside the wharf. She remained in the stream continuously from the time of her entering the harbor until she left. She discharged 144 tons of cargo into lighters alongside and took on board 250 tons of coal, also from lighters alongside (coal is an article exempt from quarantine provisions). The discharge of cargo and loading of coal upon and from lighters having been done by the ship's crew alone, none of whom came in contact with any person from the shore. Forty-three cabin and thirty-eight steerage passengers were disembarked in lighters; no packages, papers or letters were taken on board of any kind, with the exception only of the regular mails for Samoa. New Zealand and the Australian colonies, which had been thoroughly fumigated at the Honolulu postoffice, a certificate for which was produced to the President. Another certificate was also shown stating that from the time the Mariposa arrived off the port of Honolulu until she left again she had been in charge of a special agent of the Board of Health, who allowed no other communication with the ship except as above stated. Under these circumstances the President did not hesitate to give, with the sanction of the Health Officer, permission to land all the San Francisco cargo, with the one restriction; that the crew should not come in contact with the shore laborers. The mails were also landed, but before delivery were thoroughly re-fumigated in the hospital at Sogi. The President, Dr. Funk and the pilot, as well as two passengers from San Francisco, were also fumigated. There is not the slightest suspicion of any danger of contagion.

Health Authorities Act.

The following official order has been issued by the President of the Municipal Council at Apia:

According to an official information from Honolulu, bubonic plague made its appearance there on Dec. 12th and up to Jan 2d twelve deaths have occurred therefrom, of which the last was on the 1st.

By the power vested in me by Section 20 of the Quarantine Ordinance, 1891, I hereby order and declare the port of Honolulu to be an infected port. All native boats and canoes are strictly prohibited from going alongside of vessels coming from the said port.

All boats, lighters and other craft belonging to Europeans, as well as boats carrying the Samoan mails are allowed to communicate with said vessels only by special permission of the President, which permission will be granted only after the Health Officer has admitted the vessel to pratique.

Mulinu, the 16th day of January, 1906. W. H. SOLF.

Americans at Tutuila.

The U. S. S. Abarenda left Pago-Pago harbor on Tuesday afternoon at 5 o'clock for Auckland, where she goes for some material which is required by the contractor here; she will also go into dock in Auckland. There was a large muster of girls from the different villages to see them off and "Tofaia Feleli" could be heard all over the bay. The natives here are in great glee that America has taken over the island instead of Germany. I may mention that the Abarenda has buoyed Whale rock and Grumpua rock, two rocks just inside the entrance of Pago-Pago harbor, which will be a great convenience to master mariners in making harbor. The works are almost at a standstill, some of the men are employed in nailing on the hill and filling in the sea shore, so as to reclaim a large plot of ground for the U. S. Government. There are several large churches being built in the east end of the island for the L. M. S. S. dimensions of the largest one being 45 by 164 feet, estimated to cost \$3,000. The Rev. E. V. Cooper has just finished his M. E. meeting. The collections are the highest that have ever been made in the island, the sum collected being \$7,040, by far and away the largest made in any one district.

The following letter was issued by

the commander of the U. S. S. Abarenda:

U. S. S. ABARENDA.

Pago-Pago, Dec. 3, 1905.
To the High Chief Fatafehi Lagoon, Tutuila. I arrived here yesterday from Apia. While in Apia I received information that the three great powers, Germany, England and the United States of America had agreed to divide the government of the Samoan Islands between Germany and the United States. Germany will assume the government and protection of Upolu and Savaii and the United States will assume the government and protection of Tutuila, Manua and the other islands east of Upolu. England will withdraw altogether from the islands.

As the senior naval officer of the United States in Samoa, I have to express the wish that the chiefs will inform all the natives of the change of government in Tutuila and that the chiefs will keep order as they are now doing. It is desirable that all the natives should resume their associations, plant their gardens and settle down to habits of peace and industry. This course will soon bring great prosperity to the island of Tutuila.

All danger of war is now averted, but the United States will punish all riots, quarrels and crimes. The chiefs are urged to call upon me to assist them in punishing all persons who commit crimes or create disorder.

The authority of the chiefs, when properly exercised, will be upheld. I shall sail for Auckland, N. Z., in the Abarenda tomorrow, December 7th, but shall return to Pago-Pago in a few weeks to complete the work on the wharf and buildings now being erected here.

Very respectfully,
B. T. TILLEY,
Commander, United States Navy,
Commanding U. S. S. Abarenda and
U. S. Naval Coal Depot; Senior Naval Officer of the United States of America at Samoa.

Religious and Military.

On the 18th of December a religious and military celebration took place in Mulinu, in memorial of the German naval officers and men who died 11 years ago in a fight against Samoans at Fagaili and Vailie.

At about 10:30 a. m. a detachment of about 50 armed sailors of the U. S. S. "Cormoran" with their officers, headed by the ship's band and followed by their commander, the German Consul, and a number of officers and petty officers, and a deputation of the ship's crew without arms, but carrying palms and wreaths of flowers, were marching through the town to Mulinu. The landing corps went into position in front of the monument, their backs being turned to the harbor; all the officers belonging to the landing corps, all officials and petty officers stood close to the band facing Apia, the deputation with palms and flowers at the left wing of the landing corps with their front to Mulinu.

After the first verse of the choral song: "Ein fester Burg ist unser Gott" had been sung, Captain Emsmann, Commander of S. M. S. "Cormoran," spoke in the most elevating and inspiring manner as follows (translated): "Blessed are the dead for they will be in the presence of God." Eleven years have passed since our comrades resting here in God have lost their lives in the service to our Emperor and Sovereign. Now, eleven years later, reaches us the news that the ground, where German blood has been sacrificed, will be German ground in the future. Therefore it is most becoming to us today to remember the dead heroes. At the time when Germans of Apia were carrying the coffin of the dead to the last resting place, here I was standing at the very same spot as at present to say the prayer in lieu of an evangelist and to solicit the benediction of the Almighty God for the dead heroes. Now, when the joyful news about Samoa has reached us, fate favors me again to stand at these graves and to pray to the Lord that He may lead kindly and benevolently the fated of our dear Fatherland. I was a hard fight in which our brothers were sacrificing their life's blood. In landing behind Matautan the crew of the "Olga" were fired at by the enemy at dark of night. Bravely advanced our men to carry out their order to join the landed crews of the "Adler" and the "Eber." Amidst continuous fighting all round the dead and wounded had to be carried to the beach to the Vailie plantation, and the long way to the Vailie plantation, the enemy leave them in the hands of the enemy. At this plantation I landed with my crew as First Officer of S. M. S. "Eber." The officers of the "Olga" were dead or wounded. A German employee of the German firm, Mr. Halden, who is present amongst us also today, had taken the command of the firing line, the rifle of a shot prior in his hand. Pride filled my heart to see how our men were fighting. There was discipline, there was war-skill and shrewdness, but no giving in, no getting weak, nobody thought of his own person, everybody offering joyfully his life and blood. As soon as the landed crew of the "Adler" appeared on the battle field, the enemy retired decidedly in the bush. The fight had cost us sixteen dead and thirty-eight wounded, but we had shown the enemy how Germans are used to fight and even today the Samoans talk with terror of the German way of fighting and of German bravery. Here lie resting forever our brave comrades, men whose hearts were filled with love for the Fatherland and confidence in God. When the deadly wounded sailor Zitke of S. M. S. "Eber" saw his end approaching, he folded his hands and prayed: "God Almighty in Thy hands I commit my soul." These were his last words. The German Navy will always remember the dead comrades and the Fatherland will never forget their deeds. Let us follow them in the fear of God and in the faithfulness to the Emperor. In humble solicitation let us pray to God, our Lord, that He may give us strength and to let us die, when the Fatherland calls, like as our brave brothers died: Faithful to our Emperor, faithful to God.

Then, after all the wreaths, palms and flowers were laid down at the monument and on the graves around, the sailors presenting arms and the choral "Jesu, meine Zuversicht" being sung, and benediction having been pronounced, Captain Emsmann took the word again and said:

"When some months ago we humbly

thought that the Almighty for His love and blessing, sent us of the people of Germany to the Western Islands, we received our task of faithfulness to our Emperor. We have experienced ourselves that God does not forsake a brave sailor or soldier. At the graves of our comrades who died for their Fatherland, let us remember today the oath sworn. Our Emperor, God protect, God save our Emperor and our Empire."

Three loud cheers for H. I. M., the Emperor sounded in the air, the sailors again presenting arms and the band played: "Heil Dir im Siegerkranz." Then all marched past the monument with "Reve to the right," and after leaving Mulinu the band played a lively march.

The burial ground in Mulinu had before been put in splendid order by the men of the "Cormoran," the monument and memorial stones were cleaned, the inscriptions renovated and the flower decorations were abundant. The whole act was an imposing one.

The commander of S. M. S. "Cormoran" and Mr. Grunow, German Consul, desire to thank all those who assisted and sent wreaths and flowers.

AT AUCKLAND

Prince Bert Aboard the
Norna.

Party Well Received -- Weaver Entertained--Lost a Sailor--Going to Europe.

The Samoa Herald of December 23 says:

"United States yacht Norna, 89 tons, arrived in port on Saturday, the 23rd inst., from Japan and Honolulu via Fanning Island. Fine weather and calm until the day before reaching the Samoan coast, when it blew very hard. Commodore Weaver is owner and sails his own vessel. The Norna is manned by a crew of eight. A few days previous to arrival one of the hands fell overboard and was drowned; every effort was made to save the man. Two gentlemen and two ladies are guests of the Commodore."

The Norna is noted as among the arrivals at Auckland, N. Z., where the party is having a very fine time. The schooner, with Bert Peterson on board, arrived there on January 14th. On the 18th an official welcome was given by the Auckland Yacht Club on board the S. S. Admiral, F. Dillingham, United States Consul, Commander Tilley of the U. S. S. Abarenda, and Bert were the invited guests. The evening was pleasantly spent and numerous toasts drunk and the proceedings wound up with the usual "For he's a jolly good fellow," sung with "much feeling."

On the 20th the Norna was flagship at a regatta in aid of the South African war funds. Flags of all nations decorated the handsome vessel, which was crowded with guests. The Commodore was most lavish in his hospitality and a dance on board wound up a very pleasant gathering.

With regard to the festivities aboard the yacht, the New Zealand Herald of January 19 says:

"The Vice Commodore (Mr. C. P. Murdoch) said that it gave him extreme pleasure to express the good feeling, on behalf of the club, which existed all around toward Captain Weaver and Commander Tilley, and to see the flag of the United States flying on three vessels in our harbor at the same time, viz., the Norna, the mail steamer, and the U. S. S. Abarenda. He felt that something ought to be done to recognize Captain Weaver personally amongst them, and regretted he was leaving so soon."

"Mr. Reynolds announced that Captain Weaver had been elected a member of the Auckland Yacht Club. "The Norna will make an extended stay at Auckland, it being Mr. Weaver's intention to make a trip to Australia and England, and during the time he is away the yacht will be stripped, caulked and generally overhauled. On Mr. Weaver's return the yacht will leave for Samoa."

Donations From Kauai.

Mrs. Dole has received \$250 from Kauai for clothes for the homeless people. One hundred dollars is from Mrs. Helen Sinclair Robinson, \$100 from Jane Sinclair Gay and \$50 from Miss Eliza Gay. Mrs. Dole is buying cloth to send to the different camps as the necessity of each camp requires.

FOR THE BABIES.

There is no better medicine for the babies than Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. Its pleasant taste and prompt and effectual cures make it a favorite with mothers and small children. It quickly cures their coughs and colds, preventing pneumonia or other serious consequences. It also cures croup and has been used in tens of thousands of cases without a single failure so far as we have been able to learn. It not only cures croup, but when given as soon as the croupy cough appears will prevent the attack. In cases of whooping cough it liquefies the tough mucus, making it easier to expectorate, and lessens the severity and frequency of the paroxysms of coughing thus depriving that disease of all dangerous consequences. For sale by all druggists and dealers; Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for H. I.

Surgeon Gen. Wood, who lately left Buena Vista hospital for duty in the United States, stated before going that he hoped to return to Honolulu before long, as his intention was to make his home here after leaving the service, which he contemplates doing. As Dr. Wood is a skillful bacteriologist he will be of great aid to the Government service upon his return.

SERUM COMES

A Large Quantity by
the Moana.

Correspondence From French Foreign
Office--Pasteur Toxin on the
Way From Paris.

Serum for plague patients and prophylactic serum for those who have been exposed to the plague have arrived in Honolulu. The first lot of the valuable remedy came from the Surgeon General of the Marine Hospital Service at Washington, D. C., consigned to Dr. Carmichael, surgeon of that branch of service on duty in Honolulu. He received by the Moana 100 vials of the Pasteur serum, or anti-plague serum, which is intended for persons already attacked by the bacilli. Also 1,000 small vials, each containing a single dose of the prophylactic, were received to be given to those persons who have been only exposed to plague.

The Board regretted their inability to obtain the serum at an earlier date in order that its active principles could have been tested and the remedy given a fair trial while the epidemic was in full sway. However, there is a large quantity of it on hand, which can be made use of in the future should there be a recurrence of the disease. Instructions accompanied the consignment of toxins and are as follows:

Haffkine's Prophylactic.

This fluid is purely prophylactic in character; is in no sense curative and should not be confounded with anti-septic serum.

It should not be used on those already exposed to the infection of plague, but its employment should be limited to the immunization of persons or communities threatened with the disease.

The prophylactic is a toxin, and should an individual treated with it contract the disease prior to the production of its anti-toxic effects he would probably succumb. In a week or ten days after its use this anti-toxic effect is produced and renders him immune to the disease. The immunity thus conferred lasts an undetermined time, probably several months, and may be increased by a second or third treatment. The inoculation is followed by a reaction.

Each vial contains 1 c. c., or one dose. The fluid is turbid, and should be shaken to break up shreds or clumps which might occlude the needle of the syringe. It should be kept in a cool and dark place.

The fluid should be injected hypodermatically into the loose connective tissue of the back, arm or other convenient regions, and with the usual precautions employed in such operations, as sterilizing the area by some antiseptic solution and by boiling the syringe.

In view of the importance of the subject, the Marine Hospital Service requests that you report the effect of the prophylactic to the Director of the Hygienic Laboratory of the United States Marine Hospital Service, Washington, D. C.

Consul Most, representing the French Republic, received from the Department of Foreign Affairs, Paris, a reply to his request for plague serum, which was cabled via San Francisco in the middle of December. The following is the reply of the French Minister of Foreign Affairs:

"Foreign Office.

Paris, Jan. 8, 1906.

"Sir: In your telegram, which arrived at my Department via San Francisco December 29 last, which informed me of the appearance of bubonic plague in Honolulu, you expressed a desire to have a certain quantity of 'serum anti-plague' for the authorities of Hawaii, who wish to use it in combating the epidemic."

"The Director of the Pasteur Institute, to which I sent your request, has just delivered to me a parcel containing twenty-five vials of the serum, which I immediately forward to you for presentation to the authorities of the country of your residence."

"DELASSE."

The serum will undoubtedly arrive by the next steamer. In addition to these shipments, Dr. Hoffman's preparation of serum will be ready shortly. As a precautionary measure President Wood has the vials stored in the cold storage department of the Hawaiian Electric Co.

NOTES FROM KAU.

People There Support the National
Health Board.

KAU, Jan. 31.--The residents of Kona and Kau are very much pleased with the action of the Board of Health in Honolulu in sending the Iwalani with freight and mail; the people at large feel sure that they will take all necessary precaution before sending steamers out, and are willing to place their trust in them.

It is reported that the Hilo Board of Health are doing nothing now. They were not pleased with the idea of the Iwalani landing freight and mail. There is a clique who have been holding meetings in Hilo and trying to excite the people of that city and those of outside districts to petition for an absolute quarantine, but they have met with very little success.

Encouraging news was received by the Kona Sugar Co. steamer that no new cases have been reported since the Iwalani left. We trust the Mauna Loa will be back on her regular time and that the plague is a thing of the past.

Dry weather still prevails, although it is trying hard to rain, and it looks

as if the rain is not far off.
The Iwalani leaves with a full load of Hatcher's P. M. sugar.
Col. Norris of Kahuku had quite an adventure last week. He and one of his men went up into the woods and the Colonel got lost and was not found until the next day. Some say he heard there was a microbe up mauka in the woods and was looking for it.
Col. Fred, Waldron of the Volcano House says he has enough of sulphur to fumigate the whole of Hawaii. He claims the safest place in the group from plague is at the Volcano, where you can have sulphur baths any hour, day or night.

It is a very quiet Chinese New Year, as no Chinese goods have been received for about two months. We miss the bonhs and firecrackers, as there are hardly any in the district.
KAMAAINA.

Other Correspondence.

KAU, Jan. 31.--The Hilo people were wild when they heard the mail arrived in Kau for Hilo; they were to hold a meeting to stop it. On Sunday it was reported that a guard had been sent over to Kau to meet the mail and send it back. The Hiloites were being watched by the Olaa people, and if they attempted to molest the Olaa mail there would have been trouble.

Jack Wilson has been telephoning over here trying to get us to sign a petition to cut off entirely from Honolulu. He says there are 6,000 bags of rice ordered for Hilo via San Francisco, and will be in Hilo in a short time. It looks, as such encouraging news comes from Honolulu, as if they will get caught with all that rice on their hands. They must have had an eye open to business just as soon as the plague appeared, to order that rice.

Wilson telephoned to other districts that Kau was willing to join in with Hilo for complete quarantine. Parties in the district contradicted it whenever they learned he told it. Kau is willing to abide by the Honolulu Board of Health.
CORY.

Hives are a terrible torment to the little folks, and to some older ones. Doane's Ointment never fails. Instant relief and permanent cure. At any chemist's, 50 cents.

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Vice-Chancellor SIR W. PAGE WOOD stated publicly in court that DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE was undoubtedly the INVENTOR OF CHLORODYNE; that the whole story of the defendant, Freeman, was deliberately untrue, and he regretted to say it had been sworn to. See The Times, July 18, 1894.

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne

Is a liquid medicine which assuages PAIN of EVERY KIND, affords a calm, refreshing sleep WITHOUT HEADACHE, and INVIGORATES the nervous system when exhausted. Is the Great Specific for Cholera, Dysentery, Diarrhoea.

The General Board of Health, London, reports that it ACTS as a CHARM; one dose generally sufficient.

Dr. Gibbon, Army Medical Staff, Calcutta, states: "Two doses completely cured me of diarrhoea."

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